



# Math Virtual Learning

## 8th Grade Math

### Scatter Plots: Review

May 1, 2020



8th Grade Math

Lesson: May 1

## **Learning Target:**

Student will review scatter plot concepts.

**Lesson Includes:**

- 1) Vocabulary
- 2) Writing Equations
- 3) Make Predictions

# Warm Up Activity

Given the equation for the trend line use it to make predictions. Answers are at the bottom of the slide.

The number of vehicles on a portion of a highway ( $x$ ) and the average speed the vehicles were traveling ( $y$ ) was recorded at various points of the day over several months.

The trend line on the scatter has an equation of  $y = -0.025x + 70$ .

Prediction 1: How many vehicles were on the highway if the vehicles were traveling at an average speed of 45 miles per hour?

Prediction 2: If there were 2,000 vehicles on the highway, what was the average speed of the vehicles?

Answer: Prediction 1 : 1000 vehicles  
Prediction 2 : Speed of 20 mph

# Review - Vocabulary: Scatter Plots

Review the vocabulary from yesterday. Then rewatch the [video](#), if you need.

**Bivariate Data:** Data with two variables

**Independent Variable:** The variable **x** whose variation does not depend on another variable. The variable that changes.

**Dependent Variable:** The variable **y** who does depend on another variable. The variable that depends on x.

**Scatter Plots:** A graph that uses points to display bivariate data.

**Increasing/Positive Trend:** When the variables move together.  
As x increases, y increases.

**Decreasing/Negative Trend:** When the variables move in opposite directions. As x increases, y decreases.

**No Trend:** When the variables move randomly, not together or in opposite directions.

**Linear Trend:** When a straight line can be drawn within the data.

**Non-Linear Trend:** When a straight line cannot be drawn within the data.

**Association:** A relationship between two variables.

- **Strong:** If the points of data are close together.

- **Weak:** If the points of data are widely spread not close together.  
Some spacing.

- **No:** If the points of data are random. VERY spread out.

# Review: Writing Equations & Making Predictions

Review the steps below. Then watch the videos linked on [writing](#) or [predictions](#), if needed.

## Writing Equations Steps:

- 1) Choose any two points on the trend line. These have to be exactly through the line.
- 2) Use the two points to find the slope ( $m$ ) of the line.
  - a) Draw a stair step from one point to the second point.
  - b) Count the vertical change.
  - c) Count the horizontal change.
  - d) Divide and simplify, when possible. Check the sign.
- 3) Use the y-axis to find the y-intercept ( $b$ ) of the line.
  - a) Identify where the line crosses the y-axis
  - b) Write the y-intercept as an ordered pair  $(0, b)$ .
- 4) Use the slope ( $m$ ) and y-intercept ( $b$ ) to write an equations in slope-intercept ( $y = mx + b$ )

## Making Predictions Steps:

- 1) Write the slope-intercept form ( $y = mx + b$ ) equation of your trend line.
- 2) Use the equation and substitute the x or y value into the equation.

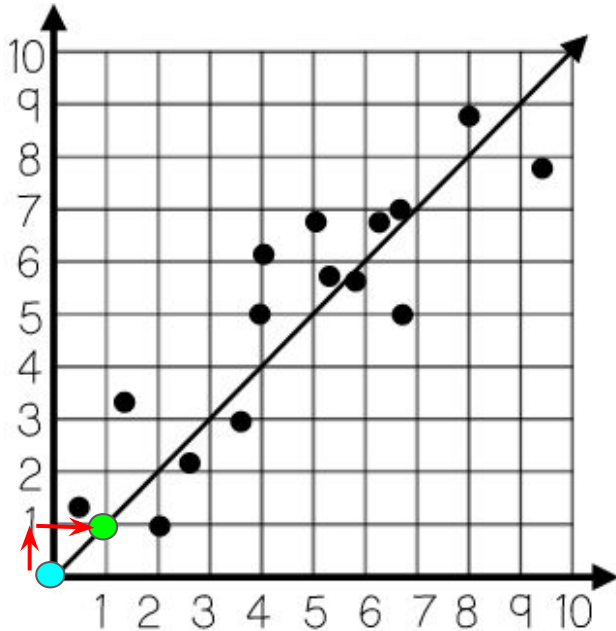
X: independent variable, has an effect on the y (ex. Time worked)  
Y: dependent variable, is effected by the x, final answer (ex. \$ made)
- 3) Solve the equation.

# Instruction: Scatter Plots

Review the example on this slide and the next two slides.

Directions for the examples: Answer the questions.

- 1) State the association (strong, weak, no).
- 2) State the trend (increasing, decreasing, no AND linear, non-linear).
- 3) Write the equation.
- 4) Make the predictions. What is the value when  $x = 5$ ? What is the value when  $y = 12$ ?



Association: Strong  
Trend: Increasing, Linear

Slope:  $1/1 \rightarrow 1$

y-intercept:  $(0,0)$

Equation:  $y = x$

Prediction 1

When  $x=5$ :

$y=x$

$y=(5)$

$y=5$

Prediction 2

When  $y=12$ :

$y=x$

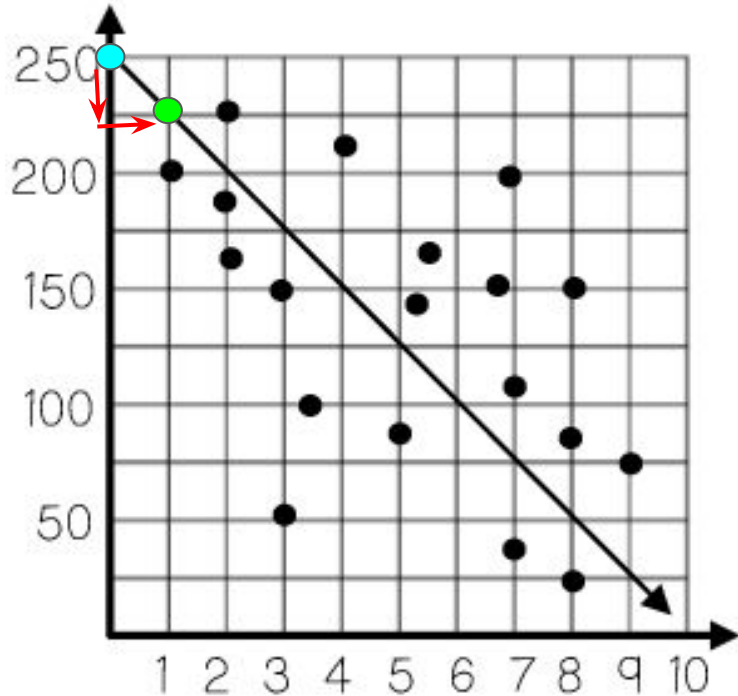
$(12)=x$

$12=x$

# Instruction: Scatter Plots

Review the example below. Directions for the examples: Answer the questions.

- 1) State the association (strong, weak, no).
- 2) State the trend (increasing, decreasing, no AND linear, non-linear).
- 3) Write the equation.
- 4) Make the predictions. What is the value when  $x = 100$ ? What is the value when  $x = 500$ ?



Association: Weak  
Trend: Decreasing, Linear

Slope:  $-25/1 \rightarrow -25$

y-intercept:  $(0, 250)$

Equation:  $y = -25x + 250$

Prediction 1

When  $x=100$ :

$y = -25x + 250$

$y = -25(100) + 250$

$y = -2,500 + 250$

$y = -2,250$

Prediction 2

When  $x=500$ :

$y = -25x + 250$

$y = -25(500) + 250$

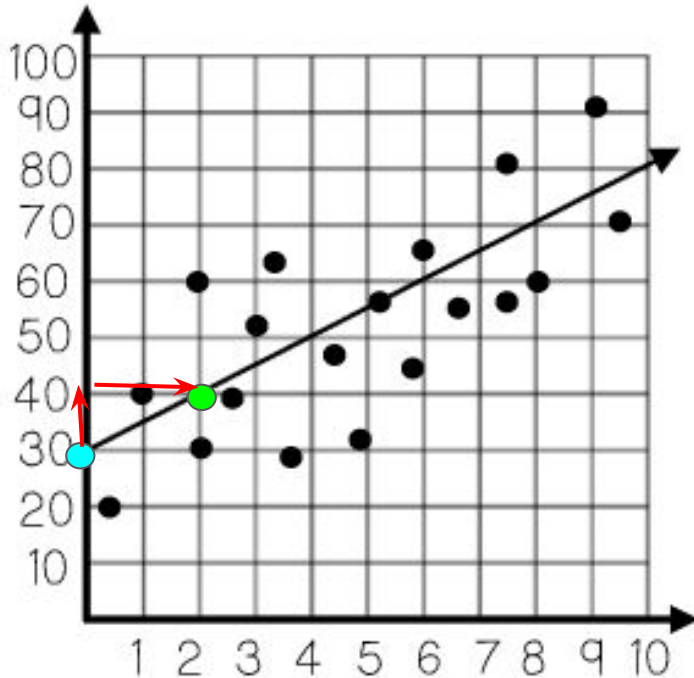
$y = -12,500 + 250$

$y = -12,250$

# Instruction: Scatter Plots

Review the example below. Directions for the examples: Answer the questions.

- 1) State the association (strong, weak, no).
- 2) State the trend (increasing, decreasing, no AND linear, non-linear).
- 3) Write the equation.
- 4) Make the predictions. What is the value when  $x = 40$ ? What is the value when  $y = 630$ ?



Association: Strong  
Trend: Increasing, Linear

Slope:  $10/2 \rightarrow 5$

y-intercept:  $(0, 30)$

Equation:  $y = 5x + 30$

Prediction 1

When  $x=40$ :

$y=5x+30$

$y=5(40)+30$

$y=200+30$

$y=230$

Prediction 2

When  $y=630$ :

$y=5x+30$

$630=5x+30$

$-30 \quad -30$

$600=5x$

$120=x$



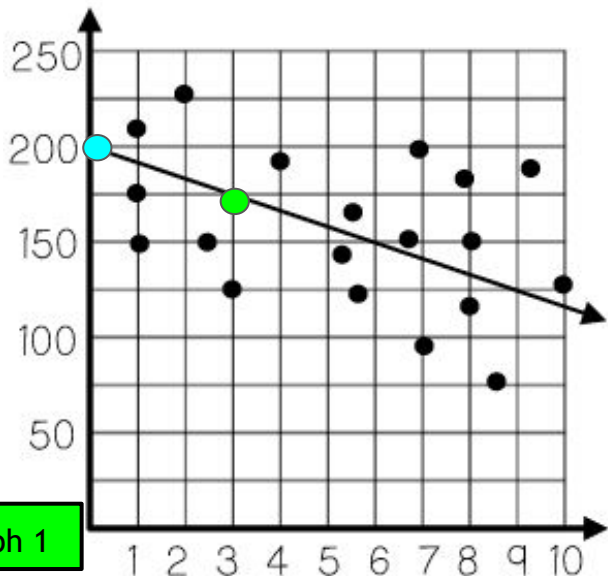
# Practice: Scatter Plots

On a piece of paper: Answer the questions.

- 1) State the association (strong, weak, no).
- 2) State the trend (increasing, decreasing, no AND linear, non-linear).
- 3) Write the equation.
- 4) Make the prediction.

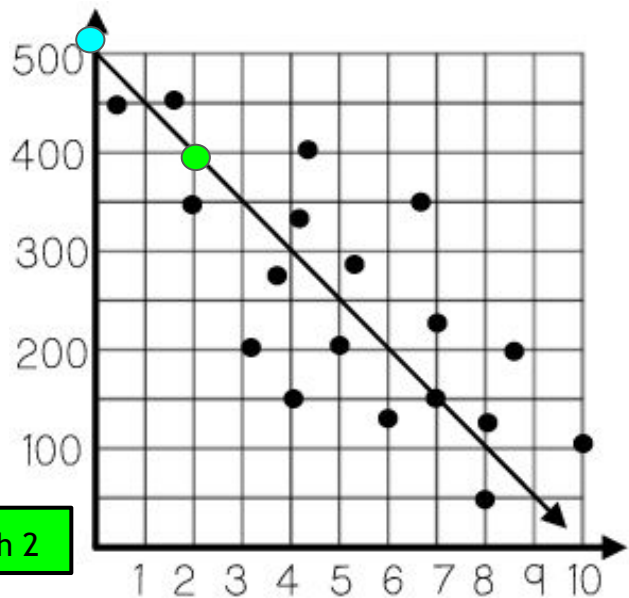
What is the value when  $x = 6$ ?

What is the value when  $x = 15$ ?



What is the value when  $x = 3$ ?

What is the value when  $y = -100$ ?



# Practice: Scatter Plots ANSWERS

Check your work from the previous slide.

Graph 1

**Association:**

Weak

**Trend:**

Decreasing/ Linear

**Equation:**

Slope:  $-50/6 \rightarrow -25/3 \rightarrow -8.3$

y-intercept: (0,200)

Equation:  $y = -25/3x + 200$  or  $y = -8.3x + 200$

**Prediction 1:**

When  $x=6$ :

$y = -25/3x + 200$

$y = -25/3(6) + 200$

$y = -50 + 200$

$y = 150$

**Prediction 2:**

When  $x=15$ :

$y = -25/3x + 200$

$y = -25/3(15) + 200$

$y = -125 + 200$

$y = 75$

Graph 2

**Association:**

Weak

**Trend:**

Decreasing, Linear

**Equation:**

Slope:  $-100/2 \rightarrow -50$

y-intercept: (0,500)

Equation:  $y = -50x + 500$

**Prediction 1:**

When  $x=3$ :

$y = -50x + 500$

$y = -50(3) + 500$

$y = -150 + 500$

$y = 350$

**Prediction 2:**

When  $y=-100$ :

$y = -50x + 500$

$-100 = -50x + 500$

$-500 \quad -500$

$-600 = -50x$

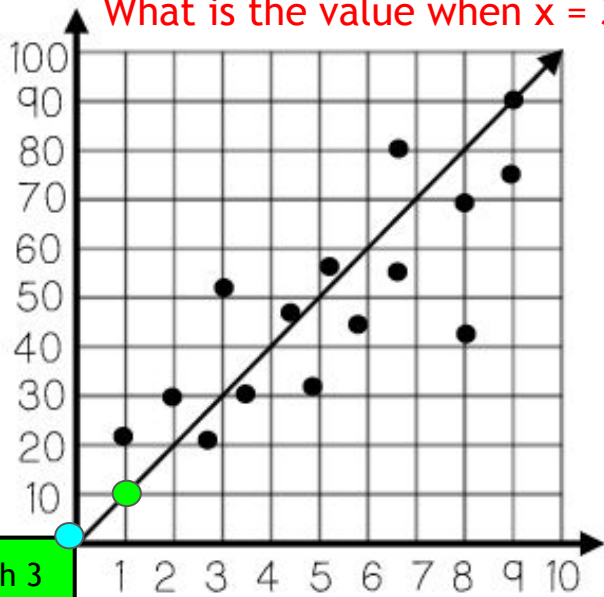
$12 = x$

# Practice: Scatter Plots

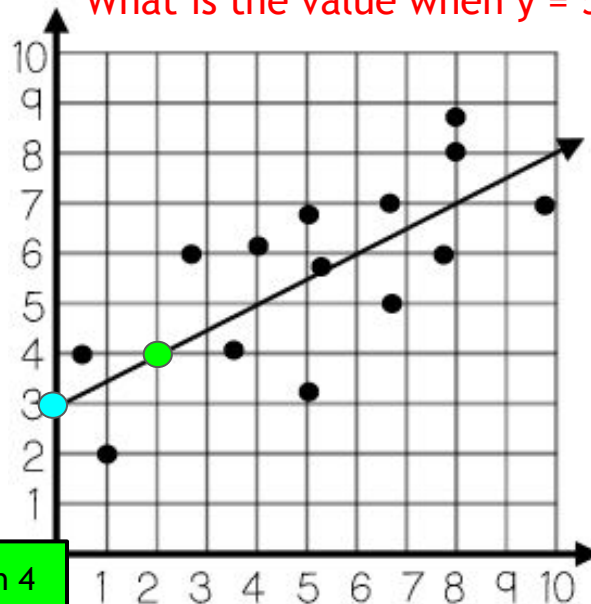
On a piece of paper: Answer the questions.

- 1) State the association (strong, weak, no).
- 2) State the trend (increasing, decreasing, no AND linear, non-linear).
- 3) Write the equation.
- 4) Make the prediction.

What is the value when  $x = 7$ ?  
What is the value when  $x = 30$ ?



What is the value when  $x = 10$ ?  
What is the value when  $y = 5$ ?



# Practice: Scatter Plots **ANSWERS**

Check your work from the previous slide.

## Graph 3

### Association:

Weak

### Trend:

Increasing, Linear

### Equation:

Slope:  $10/1 \rightarrow 1$

y-intercept: (0,0)

Equation:  $y = 10x$

### Prediction 1:

When  $x=7$ :

$y=10x$

$y=10(7)$

$y=70$

### Prediction 2:

When  $x=30$ :

$y=10x$

$y=10(30)$

$y=300$

## Graph 4

### Association:

Weak

### Trend:

Increasing, Linear

### Equation:

Slope:  $\frac{1}{2}$

y-intercept: (0,3)

Equation:  $y = -1/2x + 3$  or  $y = 0.5x + 3$

### Prediction 1:

When  $x=10$

$y=0.5x+3$

$y=0.5(10)+3$

$y=5+3$

$y=8$

### Prediction 2:

When  $y=5$

$y=0.5x+3$

$5=0.5x+3$

$-3 \quad -3$

$2=0.5x$

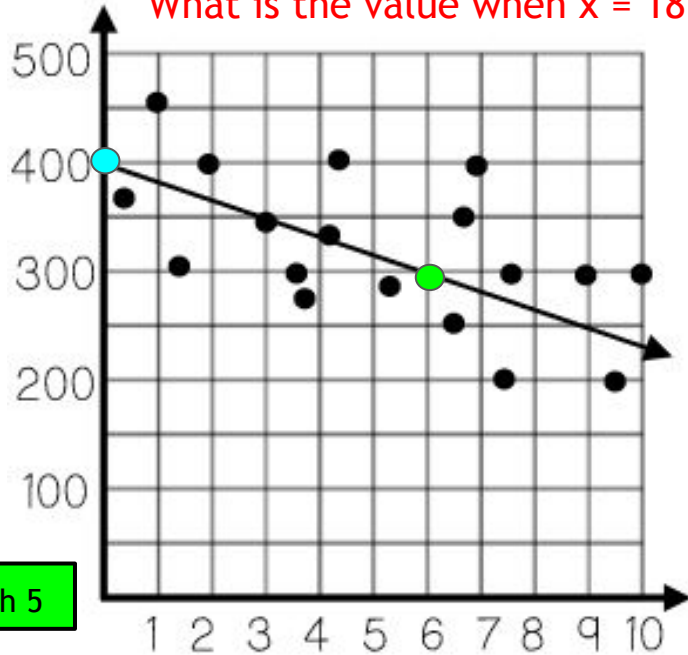
$4=x$

# Practice: Scatter Plots

On a piece of paper: Answer the questions.

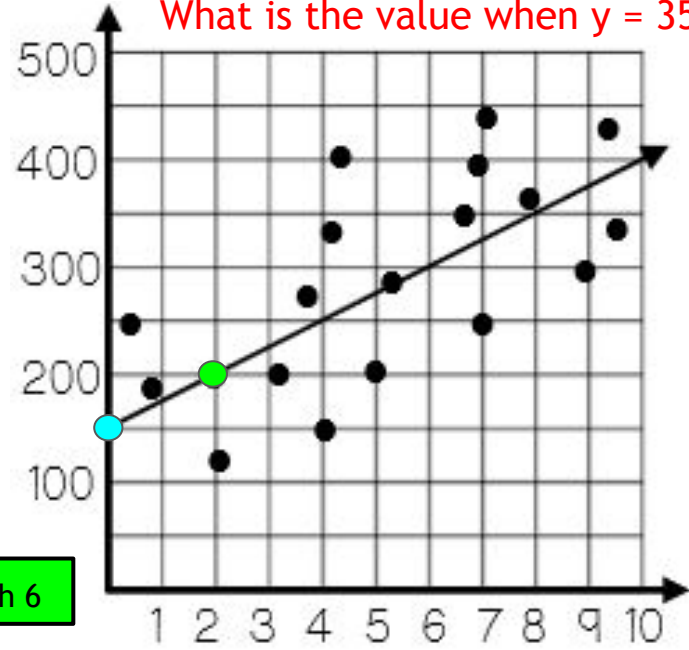
- 1) State the association (strong, weak, no).
- 2) State the trend (increasing, decreasing, no AND linear, non-linear).
- 3) Write the equation.
- 4) Make the prediction.

What is the value when  $x = 9$ ?  
What is the value when  $x = 18$ ?



Graph 5

What is the value when  $x = 27$ ?  
What is the value when  $y = 350$ ?



Graph 6

# Practice: Scatter Plots ANSWERS

Check your work from the previous slide.

Graph 5

**Association:**

Strong

**Trend:**

Decreasing, Linear

**Equation:**

Slope:  $-100/6 \rightarrow -50/3 \rightarrow -16.67$

y-intercept: (0,400)

Equation:  $y = -50/3x + 400$  or  $y = -16.67x + 400$

**Prediction 1:**

When  $x=9$ :

$y = -50/3x + 400$

$y = -50/3(9) + 400$

$y = -150 + 400$

$y = 250$

**Prediction 2:**

When  $x=18$ :

$y = -50/3x + 400$

$y = -50/3(18) + 400$

$y = -300 + 400$

$y = 100$

Graph 6

**Association:**

Weak

**Trend:**

Increasing, Linear

**Equation:**

Slope:  $50/2 \rightarrow 25$

y-intercept: (0,150)

Equation:  $y = 25x + 150$

**Prediction 1:**

When  $x=27$ :

$y = 25x + 150$

$y = 25(27) + 150$

$y = 675 + 150$

$y = 825$

**Prediction 2:**

When  $y=350$ :

$y = 25x + 150$

$350 = 25x + 150$

$-150 \quad -150$

$200 = 25x$

$8 = x$

# Additional Practice:

Click on the links below to get additional practice and to check your understanding!

[Making Predictions](#)

[Line of Best Fit](#)

[Slope and y-intercept from a graph](#)

[Slope-Intercept Form](#)

[Line of Best Fit](#)